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APPLICATION NO. '	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/545,272	04/07/2000	Senthil Sivakumar	CISCO-1787	1978	
759	90 11/17/2003		EXAMI	NER	
Jonathan Velasco SIERRA PATENT GROUP LTD P O Box 6149			MILLS, DONALD L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Stateline, NV 89449			2662		
			DATE MAILED: 11/17/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Nb
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/545,272	SIVAKUMAR, SENTHIL
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Donald L Mills	2662
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Section</u>	eptember 2003.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E		
Disposition of Claims		
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 and 9-13 is/are pending in the appearance of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 and 9-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o 	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers	·	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti reference was included in the first sentence of the company of the foreign language pro 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti reference was included in the first sentence of the company of the company of the first sentence of the company of the	s have been received. s have been received in Application of the certified copies not received in Application of the certified copies not received priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1190 st sentence of the specification of the certified copies not received to priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1200 points under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1200 priority under	on No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) D Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (US 6,310,874 B1), hereinafter referred to as Miller, in view of Barkai et al. (US 6,188,691), hereinafter referred to as Barkai.

Regarding claims 1 and 9, Miller discloses a switch, which comprises allowing broadcast flooding until a mapping of a MAC address to a port is performed by the bridge (Referring to Figure 3, the data unit is flooded, step 56, and flow returns to step 50 and discontinues flooding if the destination address is in the address table in step 52 of the switch. See column 4, lines 61-66 and column 5, lines 4-6.) Miller does not disclose disallowing broadcast flooding after the mapping is achieved.

Barkai teaches a method for maximizing network efficiency and reducing performance degradation by preventing flooding of traffic on all ports on all level 2 devices (See column 7, lines 16-18.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the flooding prevention method of Barkai in the switch of Miller. One

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of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to maximize network efficiency by reducing excessive flooding of packets.

3. Claims 2-5 and 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (US 6,310,874 B1), hereinafter referred to as Miller, in view of Barkai et al. (US 6,188,691), hereinafter referred to as Barkai, in further view of Flanders et al (US 6,041,058), hereinafter referred to as Flanders.

Regarding claims 2 and 10 as explained above in the rejection statement of claims 1 and 9; Miller and Barkai disclose all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 9 (parent claims). Miller and Barkai do no disclose wherein the allowing and disallowing of broadcast flooding is carried out for each MAC address independently.

Flanders teaches a protocol type filters that are applied to all MAC unicast, multicast, and broadcast frames (See column 9, lines 2-4). Flanders further teaches that filtering can be employed to improve network operation (See column 1, lines 25-26.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the filtering technique of Flanders in the switch of Miller. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to improve network operation by filtering repetitive frames.

Regarding claims 3 and 11 as explained above in the rejection statement of claims 1 and 9; Miller and Barkai disclose all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 9 (parent claims). Miller and Barkai do not disclose wherein the bridge maintains a data structure to determine when to allow or disallow broadcast flooding.

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Flanders teaches protocol filters which are implemented via a protocol filter table **154** that contains a specification of whether to filter broadcast frames (See column 8, lines 66-67). Flanders further teaches that filtering can be employed to improve network operation (See column 1, lines 25-26.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the filter table of Flanders in the switch of Miller. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to specify the filtering of broadcast frames to improve network operation.

Regarding claims 4 and 12 as explained above in the rejection statement of claims 1 and 9; Miller and Barkai disclose all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 9 (parent claims). Miller and Barkai do not disclose wherein the data structure is a filter table.

Flanders teaches protocol filters which are implemented via a protocol filter table **154** that contains a specification of whether to filter broadcast frames (See column 8, lines 66-67). Flanders further teaches that filtering can be employed to improve network operation (See column 1, lines 25-26.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the filter table of Flanders in the switch of Miller. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to specify the filtering of broadcast frames to improve network operation.

In regards to claims 5 and 13 as explained above in the rejection statement of claims 1 and 9, Miller and Barkai disclose all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 9 (parent claims).

Miller and Barkai do not disclose wherein the filter table contains MAC address information with associated flooding time period.

Flanders teaches a counter that can be reset at predefined intervals, which tracks broadcast frames and compares the count against a threshold to determine whether the frame should be filtered (See column 9, lines 15-17). Flanders further teaches that filtering can be employed to improve network operation (See column 1, lines 25-26.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the filter table of Flanders in the switch of Miller. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to so in order to filter each frame at predefined intervals to improve network operation.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5 and 9-13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground of rejection.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Donald L Mills whose telephone number is 703-305-7869. The

examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Hassan Kizou can be reached on 703-305-4744. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-4700.

Donald L Mills

Dom

November 6, 2003

CHAU NGUYEN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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